## CERTIFICATION OF ENROLLMENT

## ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5760

Chapter 260, Laws of 1998

55th Legislature 1998 Regular Session

MENTALLY ILL OFFENDERS--EVALUATION AND TREATMENT

EFFECTIVE DATE: 6/11/98

Passed by the Senate March 7, 1998 YEAS 38 NAYS 1

### BRAD OWEN

### President of the Senate

Passed by the House March 5, 1998 YEAS 97 NAYS 1

#### CERTIFICATE

I, Mike O Connell, Secretary of the Senate of the State of Washington, do hereby certify that the attached is **ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5760** as passed by the Senate and the House of Representatives on the dates hereon set forth.

### CLYDE BALLARD

# Speaker of the House of Representatives

Approved April 1, 1998

MIKE O'CONNELL

Secretary

FILED

April 1, 1998 - 3:03 p.m.

GARY LOCKE

Governor of the State of Washington

Secretary of State State of Washington

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### ENGROSSED SUBSTITUTE SENATE BILL 5760

Passed Legislature - 1998 Regular Session

# AS AMENDED BY THE HOUSE

# State of Washington 55th Legislature

1997 Regular Session

**By** Senate Committee on Human Services & Corrections (originally sponsored by Senators Long, Hargrove, Franklin, Deccio, Thibaudeau, Winsley and Kohl)

Read first time 03/05/97.

- AN ACT Relating to mentally ill offenders; amending RCW 9.94A.110;
- 2 reenacting and amending RCW 9.94A.120 and 9.94A.200; and creating new
- 3 sections.
- 4 BE IT ENACTED BY THE LEGISLATURE OF THE STATE OF WASHINGTON:
- 5 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 1.** It is the intent of the legislature to
- 6 decrease the likelihood of recidivism and reincarceration by mentally
- 7 ill offenders under correctional supervision in the community by
- 8 authorizing:
- 9 (1) The courts to request presentence reports from the department
- 10 of corrections when a relationship between mental illness and criminal
- 11 behavior is suspected, and to order a mental status evaluation and
- 12 treatment for offenders whose criminal behavior is influenced by a
- 13 mental illness; and
- 14 (2) Community corrections officers to work with community mental
- 15 health providers to support participation in treatment by mentally ill
- 16 offenders on community placement or community supervision.
- 17 Sec. 2. RCW 9.94A.110 and 1988 c 60 s 1 are each amended to read
- 18 as follows:

Before imposing a sentence upon a defendant, the court shall conduct a sentencing hearing. The sentencing hearing shall be held within forty court days following conviction. Upon the motion of either party for good cause shown, or on its own motion, the court may extend the time period for conducting the sentencing hearing.

The court shall order the department to complete a presentence report before imposing a sentence upon a defendant who has been convicted of a felony sexual offense. The department of corrections shall give priority to presentence investigations for sexual offenders. If the court determines that the defendant may be a mentally ill person as defined in RCW 71.24.025, although the defendant has not established that at the time of the crime he or she lacked the capacity to commit the crime, was incompetent to commit the crime, or was insane at the time of the crime, the court shall order the department to complete a presentence report before imposing a sentence.

The court shall consider the presentence reports, if any, including any victim impact statement and criminal history, and allow arguments from the prosecutor, the defense counsel, the offender, the victim, the survivor of the victim, or a representative of the victim or survivor, and an investigative law enforcement officer as to the sentence to be imposed.

If the court is satisfied by a preponderance of the evidence that the defendant has a criminal history, the court shall specify the convictions it has found to exist. All of this information shall be part of the record. Copies of all presentence reports presented to the sentencing court and all written findings of facts and conclusions of law as to sentencing entered by the court shall be sent to the department by the clerk of the court at the conclusion of the sentencing and shall accompany the offender if the offender is committed to the custody of the department. Court clerks shall provide, without charge, certified copies of documents relating to criminal convictions requested by prosecuting attorneys.

- **Sec. 3.** RCW 9.94A.120 and 1997 c 340 s 2, 1997 c 338 s 4, 1997 c 34 144 s 2, 1997 c 121 s 2, and 1997 c 69 s 1 are each reenacted and 35 amended to read as follows:
- When a person is convicted of a felony, the court shall impose punishment as provided in this section.

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1 (1) Except as authorized in subsections (2), (4), (5), (6), and (8) of this section, the court shall impose a sentence within the sentence range for the offense.

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- (2) The court may impose a sentence outside the standard sentence range for that offense if it finds, considering the purpose of this chapter, that there are substantial and compelling reasons justifying an exceptional sentence.
- (3) Whenever a sentence outside the standard range is imposed, the court shall set forth the reasons for its decision in written findings of fact and conclusions of law. A sentence outside the standard range shall be a determinate sentence.
- (4) A persistent offender shall be sentenced to a term of total 12 confinement for life without the possibility of parole or, when 13 authorized by RCW 10.95.030 for the crime of aggravated murder in the 14 15 first degree, sentenced to death, notwithstanding the maximum sentence under any other law. An offender convicted of the crime of murder in 16 17 the first degree shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not less than twenty years. An offender convicted of the crime of assault 18 19 in the first degree or assault of a child in the first degree where the 20 offender used force or means likely to result in death or intended to kill the victim shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not 21 less than five years. An offender convicted of the crime of rape in 22 the first degree shall be sentenced to a term of total confinement not 23 24 less than five years. The foregoing minimum terms of total confinement 25 are mandatory and shall not be varied or modified as provided in 26 subsection (2) of this section. In addition, all offenders subject to 27 the provisions of this subsection shall not be eligible for community custody, earned early release time, furlough, home detention, partial 28 29 confinement, work crew, work release, or any other form of early 30 release as defined under RCW 9.94A.150 (1), (2), (3), (5), (7), or (8), or any other form of authorized leave of absence from the correctional 31 facility while not in the direct custody of a corrections officer or 32 officers during such minimum terms of total confinement except in the 33 34 case of an offender in need of emergency medical treatment or for the 35 purpose of commitment to an inpatient treatment facility in the case of an offender convicted of the crime of rape in the first degree. 36
  - (5) In sentencing a first-time offender the court may waive the imposition of a sentence within the sentence range and impose a sentence which may include up to ninety days of confinement in a

- 1 facility operated or utilized under contract by the county and a
- 2 requirement that the offender refrain from committing new offenses.
- 3 The sentence may also include up to two years of community supervision,
- 4 which, in addition to crime-related prohibitions, may include
- 5 requirements that the offender perform any one or more of the
- 6 following:
- 7 (a) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;
- 8 (b) Undergo available outpatient treatment for up to two years, or
- 9 inpatient treatment not to exceed the standard range of confinement for
- 10 that offense;
- 11 (c) Pursue a prescribed, secular course of study or vocational
- 12 training;
- 13 (d) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the
- 14 court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in the
- 15 offender's address or employment;
- 16 (e) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections
- 17 officer; or
- 18 (f) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations as provided
- 19 in RCW 9.94A.030 and/or perform community service work.
- 20 (6)(a) An offender is eligible for the special drug offender
- 21 sentencing alternative if:
- 22 (i) The offender is convicted of the manufacture, delivery, or
- 23 possession with intent to manufacture or deliver a controlled substance
- 24 classified in Schedule I or II that is a narcotic drug or a felony that
- 25 is, under chapter 9A.28 RCW or RCW 69.50.407, a criminal attempt,
- 26 criminal solicitation, or criminal conspiracy to commit such crimes,
- 27 and the violation does not involve a sentence enhancement under RCW
- 28 9.94A.310 (3) or (4);
- 29 (ii) The offender has no prior convictions for a felony in this
- 30 state, another state, or the United States; and
- 31 (iii) The offense involved only a small quantity of the particular
- 32 controlled substance as determined by the judge upon consideration of
- 33 such factors as the weight, purity, packaging, sale price, and street
- 34 value of the controlled substance.
- 35 (b) If the midpoint of the standard range is greater than one year
- 36 and the sentencing judge determines that the offender is eligible for
- 37 this option and that the offender and the community will benefit from
- 38 the use of the special drug offender sentencing alternative, the judge
- 39 may waive imposition of a sentence within the standard range and impose

a sentence that must include a period of total confinement in a state 1 2 facility for one-half of the midpoint of the standard range. During incarceration in the state facility, offenders sentenced under this 3 4 subsection shall undergo a comprehensive substance abuse assessment and 5 receive, within available resources, treatment services appropriate for the offender. The treatment services shall be designed by the division 6 7 of alcohol and substance abuse of the department of social and health 8 services, in cooperation with the department of corrections. 9 midpoint of the standard range is twenty-four months or less, no more 10 than three months of the sentence may be served in a work release status. The court shall also impose one year of concurrent community 11 custody and community supervision that must include appropriate 12 outpatient substance abuse treatment, crime-related prohibitions 13 including a condition not to use illegal controlled substances, and a 14 15 requirement to submit to urinalysis or other testing to monitor that 16 The court may require that the monitoring for controlled 17 substances be conducted by the department or by a treatment alternatives to street crime program or a comparable court or agency-18 19 referred program. The offender may be required to pay thirty dollars 20 per month while on community custody to offset the cost of monitoring. In addition, the court shall impose three or more of the following 21 22 conditions:

- (i) Devote time to a specific employment or training;
- (ii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify the court or the community corrections officer before any change in the offender's address or employment;
- 27 (iii) Report as directed to a community corrections officer;
- 28 (iv) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations;
- 29 (v) Perform community service work;

- 30 (vi) Stay out of areas designated by the sentencing judge.
- 31 (c) If the offender violates any of the sentence conditions in (b) subsection, the department shall impose 32 this administratively, with notice to the prosecuting attorney and the 33 34 sentencing court. Upon motion of the court or the prosecuting 35 attorney, a violation hearing shall be held by the court. If the court finds that conditions have been willfully violated, the court may 36 37 impose confinement consisting of up to the remaining one-half of the midpoint of the standard range. All total confinement served during 38 39 the period of community custody shall be credited to the offender,

- regardless of whether the total confinement is served as a result of the original sentence, as a result of a sanction imposed by the department, or as a result of a violation found by the court. The term of community supervision shall be tolled by any period of time served in total confinement as a result of a violation found by the court.
  - (d) The department shall determine the rules for calculating the value of a day fine based on the offender's income and reasonable obligations which the offender has for the support of the offender and any dependents. These rules shall be developed in consultation with the administrator for the courts, the office of financial management, and the commission.
- (7) If a sentence range has not been established for the 12 13 defendant's crime, the court shall impose a determinate sentence which may include not more than one year of confinement, community service 14 15 work, a term of community supervision not to exceed one year, and/or 16 other legal financial obligations. The court may impose a sentence 17 which provides more than one year of confinement if the court finds, considering the purpose of this chapter, that there are substantial and 18 19 compelling reasons justifying an exceptional sentence.
- (8)(a)(i) When an offender is convicted of a sex offense other than a violation of RCW 9A.44.050 or a sex offense that is also a serious violent offense and has no prior convictions for a sex offense or any other felony sex offenses in this or any other state, the sentencing court, on its own motion or the motion of the state or the defendant, may order an examination to determine whether the defendant is amenable to treatment.
  - The report of the examination shall include at a minimum the following: The defendant's version of the facts and the official version of the facts, the defendant's offense history, an assessment of problems in addition to alleged deviant behaviors, the offender's social and employment situation, and other evaluation measures used. The report shall set forth the sources of the evaluator's information.
- The report shall set forth the sources of the evaluator's information.

  The examiner shall assess and report regarding the defendant's amenability to treatment and relative risk to the community. A proposed treatment plan shall be provided and shall include, at a minimum:
  - (A) Frequency and type of contact between offender and therapist;
- 38 (B) Specific issues to be addressed in the treatment and 39 description of planned treatment modalities;

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- 1 (C) Monitoring plans, including any requirements regarding living 2 conditions, lifestyle requirements, and monitoring by family members 3 and others;
  - (D) Anticipated length of treatment; and

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(E) Recommended crime-related prohibitions.

The court on its own motion may order, or on a motion by the state shall order, a second examination regarding the offender's amenability to treatment. The evaluator shall be selected by the party making the motion. The defendant shall pay the cost of any second examination ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost.

- (ii) After receipt of the reports, the court shall consider whether the offender and the community will benefit from use of this special sex offender sentencing alternative and consider the victim's opinion whether the offender should receive a treatment disposition under this subsection. If the court determines that this special sex offender sentencing alternative is appropriate, the court shall then impose a sentence within the sentence range. If this sentence is less than eleven years of confinement, the court may suspend the execution of the sentence and impose the following conditions of suspension:
- (A) The court shall place the defendant on community custody for the length of the suspended sentence or three years, whichever is greater, and require the offender to comply with any conditions imposed by the department of corrections under subsection (14) of this section;
- 25 (B) The court shall order treatment for any period up to three 26 years in duration. The court in its discretion shall order outpatient sex offender treatment or inpatient sex offender treatment, if 27 available. A community mental health center may not be used for such 28 29 treatment unless it has an appropriate program designed for sex 30 offender treatment. The offender shall not change sex offender treatment providers or treatment conditions without first notifying the 31 prosecutor, the community corrections officer, and the court, and shall 32 not change providers without court approval after a hearing if the 33 34 prosecutor or community corrections officer object to the change. 35 addition, as conditions of the suspended sentence, the court may impose other sentence conditions including up to six months of confinement, 36 37 not to exceed the sentence range of confinement for that offense, crime-related prohibitions, and requirements that the offender perform 38 39 any one or more of the following:

- 1 (I) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;
- 2 (II) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify 3 the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in 4 the offender's address or employment;
- 5 (III) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections 6 officer;
- 7 (IV) Pay all court-ordered legal financial obligations as provided 8 in RCW 9.94A.030, perform community service work, or any combination 9 thereof; or
- 10 (V) Make recoupment to the victim for the cost of any counseling 11 required as a result of the offender's crime; and
- 12 (C) Sex offenders sentenced under this special sex offender 13 sentencing alternative are not eligible to accrue any earned early 14 release time while serving a suspended sentence.
- (iii) The sex offender therapist shall submit quarterly reports on the defendant's progress in treatment to the court and the parties. The report shall reference the treatment plan and include at a minimum the following: Dates of attendance, defendant's compliance with requirements, treatment activities, the defendant's relative progress in treatment, and any other material as specified by the court at sentencing.
  - (iv) At the time of sentencing, the court shall set a treatment termination hearing for three months prior to the anticipated date for completion of treatment. Prior to the treatment termination hearing, the treatment professional and community corrections officer shall submit written reports to the court and parties regarding the defendant's compliance with treatment and monitoring requirements, and recommendations regarding termination from treatment, including proposed community supervision conditions. Either party may request and the court may order another evaluation regarding the advisability of termination from treatment. The defendant shall pay the cost of any additional evaluation ordered unless the court finds the defendant to be indigent in which case the state shall pay the cost. At the treatment termination hearing the court may: (A) Modify conditions of community custody, and either (B) terminate treatment, or (C) extend treatment for up to the remaining period of community custody.
- (v) If a violation of conditions occurs during community custody, the department shall either impose sanctions as provided for in RCW 9.94A.205(2)(a) or refer the violation to the court and recommend

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- 1 revocation of the suspended sentence as provided for in (a)(vi) of this 2 subsection.
- 3 (vi) The court may revoke the suspended sentence at any time during 4 the period of community custody and order execution of the sentence if:
- 5 (A) The defendant violates the conditions of the suspended sentence, or
- 6  $\,$  (B) the court finds that the defendant is failing to make satisfactory
- 7 progress in treatment. All confinement time served during the period
- 8 of community custody shall be credited to the offender if the suspended
- 9 sentence is revoked.

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- (vii) Except as provided in (a)(viii) of this subsection, after July 1, 1991, examinations and treatment ordered pursuant to this subsection shall only be conducted by sex offender treatment providers certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW.
- (viii) A sex offender therapist who examines or treats a sex 14 15 offender pursuant to this subsection (8) does not have to be certified by the department of health pursuant to chapter 18.155 RCW if the court 16 finds that: (A) The offender has already moved to another state or 17 plans to move to another state for reasons other than circumventing the 18 19 certification requirements; (B) no certified providers are available for treatment within a reasonable geographical distance of the 20 offender's home; and (C) the evaluation and treatment plan comply with 21 this subsection (8) and the rules adopted by the department of health. 22
- (ix) For purposes of this subsection (8), "victim" means any person who has sustained emotional, psychological, physical, or financial injury to person or property as a result of the crime charged. "Victim" also means a parent or guardian of a victim who is a minor child unless the parent or guardian is the perpetrator of the offense.
- (x) If the defendant was less than eighteen years of age when the charge was filed, the state shall pay for the cost of initial evaluation and treatment.
  - (b) When an offender commits any felony sex offense on or after July 1, 1987, and is sentenced to a term of confinement of more than one year but less than six years, the sentencing court may, on its own motion or on the motion of the offender or the state, request the department of corrections to evaluate whether the offender is amenable to treatment and the department may place the offender in a treatment program within a correctional facility operated by the department.
- Except for an offender who has been convicted of a violation of RCW 9A.44.040 or 9A.44.050, if the offender completes the treatment program

- l before the expiration of his or her term of confinement, the department
- 2 of corrections may request the court to convert the balance of
- 3 confinement to community supervision and to place conditions on the
- 4 offender including crime-related prohibitions and requirements that the
- 5 offender perform any one or more of the following:
- 6 (i) Devote time to a specific employment or occupation;
- 7 (ii) Remain within prescribed geographical boundaries and notify
- 8 the court or the community corrections officer prior to any change in
- 9 the offender's address or employment;
- 10 (iii) Report as directed to the court and a community corrections
- 11 officer;
- 12 (iv) Undergo available outpatient treatment.
- 13 If the offender violates any of the terms of his or her community
- 14 supervision, the court may order the offender to serve out the balance
- 15 of his or her community supervision term in confinement in the custody
- 16 of the department of corrections.
- Nothing in this subsection (8)(b) shall confer eligibility for such
- 18 programs for offenders convicted and sentenced for a sex offense
- 19 committed prior to July 1, 1987. This subsection (8)(b) does not apply
- 20 to any crime committed after July 1, 1990.
- 21 (c) Offenders convicted and sentenced for a sex offense committed
- 22 prior to July 1, 1987, may, subject to available funds, request an
- 23 evaluation by the department of corrections to determine whether they
- 24 are amenable to treatment. If the offender is determined to be
- 25 amenable to treatment, the offender may request placement in a
- 26 treatment program within a correctional facility operated by the
- 27 department. Placement in such treatment program is subject to
- 28 available funds.

- 29 (9)(a) When a court sentences a person to a term of total
- 30 confinement to the custody of the department of corrections for an
- 31 offense categorized as a sex offense or a serious violent offense
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- 33 second degree, assault of a child in the second degree, any crime

committed after July 1, 1988, but before July 1, 1990, assault in the

- 34 against a person where it is determined in accordance with RCW
- 35 9.94A.125 that the defendant or an accomplice was armed with a deadly
- 36 weapon at the time of commission, or any felony offense under chapter
- 37 69.50 or 69.52 RCW not sentenced under subsection (6) of this section,
- 38 committed on or after July 1, 1988, the court shall in addition to the
- 39 other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to a one-year term

- of community placement beginning either upon completion of the term of 1 confinement or at such time as the offender is transferred to community 2 custody in lieu of earned early release in accordance with RCW 3 4 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). When the court sentences an offender under this subsection to the statutory maximum period of confinement then the 5 community placement portion of the sentence shall consist entirely of 6 7 such community custody to which the offender may become eligible, in 8 accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). Any period of community 9 custody actually served shall be credited against the community 10 placement portion of the sentence.
- (b) When a court sentences a person to a term of total confinement 11 12 to the custody of the department of corrections for an offense categorized as a sex offense committed on or after July 1, 1990, but 13 before June 6, 1996, a serious violent offense, vehicular homicide, or 14 15 vehicular assault, committed on or after July 1, 1990, the court shall in addition to other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to 16 17 community placement for two years or up to the period of earned early release awarded pursuant to RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2), whichever is 18 19 longer. The community placement shall begin either upon completion of the term of confinement or at such time as the offender is transferred 20 to community custody in lieu of earned early release in accordance with 21 RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). When the court sentences an offender under 22 this subsection to the statutory maximum period of confinement then the 23 24 community placement portion of the sentence shall consist entirely of 25 the community custody to which the offender may become eligible, in 26 accordance with RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2). Any period of community custody actually served shall be credited against the community 27 placement portion of the sentence. Unless a condition is waived by the 28 29 court, the terms of community placement for offenders sentenced 30 pursuant to this section shall include the following conditions:
- 31 (i) The offender shall report to and be available for contact with 32 the assigned community corrections officer as directed;
- (ii) The offender shall work at department of corrections-approved education, employment, and/or community service;
- 35 (iii) The offender shall not possess or consume controlled 36 substances except pursuant to lawfully issued prescriptions;
- (iv) The offender shall pay supervision fees as determined by the department of corrections;

- 1 (v) The residence location and living arrangements are subject to 2 the prior approval of the department of corrections during the period 3 of community placement; and
- 4 (vi) The offender shall submit to affirmative acts necessary to 5 monitor compliance with the orders of the court as required by the 6 department.
- 7 (c) As a part of any sentence imposed under (a) or (b) of this 8 subsection, the court may also order any of the following special 9 conditions:
- 10 (i) The offender shall remain within, or outside of, a specified 11 geographical boundary;
- 12 (ii) The offender shall not have direct or indirect contact with 13 the victim of the crime or a specified class of individuals;
- 14 (iii) The offender shall participate in crime-related treatment or 15 counseling services;
- 16 (iv) The offender shall not consume alcohol;
- 17 (v) The offender shall comply with any crime-related prohibitions; 18 or
- (vi) For an offender convicted of a felony sex offense against a minor victim after June 6, 1996, the offender shall comply with any terms and conditions of community placement imposed by the department of corrections relating to contact between the sex offender and a minor victim or a child of similar age or circumstance as a previous victim.
- (d) Prior to transfer to, or during, community placement, any conditions of community placement may be removed or modified so as not to be more restrictive by the sentencing court, upon recommendation of the department of corrections.
- (10)(a) When a court sentences a person to the custody of the 28 department of corrections for an offense categorized as a sex offense 29 30 committed on or after June 6, 1996, the court shall, in addition to other terms of the sentence, sentence the offender to community custody 31 for three years or up to the period of earned early release awarded 32 pursuant to RCW 9.94A.150 (1) and (2), whichever is longer. 33 34 community custody shall begin either upon completion of the term of 35 confinement or at such time as the offender is transferred to community custody in lieu of earned early release in accordance with RCW 36 37 9.94A.150 (1) and (2).
- 38 (b) Unless a condition is waived by the court, the terms of 39 community custody shall be the same as those provided for in subsection

- 1 (9)(b) of this section and may include those provided for in subsection 2 (9)(c) of this section. As part of any sentence that includes a term 3 of community custody imposed under this subsection, the court shall 4 also require the offender to comply with any conditions imposed by the 5 department of corrections under subsection (14) of this section.
- 6 (c) At any time prior to the completion of a sex offender's term of 7 community custody, if the court finds that public safety would be 8 enhanced, the court may impose and enforce an order extending any or 9 all of the conditions imposed pursuant to this section for a period up 10 to the maximum allowable sentence for the crime as it is classified in chapter 9A.20 RCW, regardless of the expiration of the offender's term 11 of community custody. If a violation of a condition extended under 12 13 this subsection occurs after the expiration of the offender's term of 14 community custody, it shall be deemed a violation of the sentence for 15 the purposes of RCW 9.94A.195 and may be punishable as contempt of 16 court as provided for in RCW 7.21.040.
- 17 (11) If the court imposes a sentence requiring confinement of 18 thirty days or less, the court may, in its discretion, specify that the 19 sentence be served on consecutive or intermittent days. A sentence 20 requiring more than thirty days of confinement shall be served on 21 consecutive days. Local jail administrators may schedule court-ordered 22 intermittent sentences as space permits.
- 23 (12) If a sentence imposed includes payment of a legal financial 24 obligation, the sentence shall specify the total amount of the legal 25 financial obligation owed, and shall require the offender to pay a 26 specified monthly sum toward that legal financial obligation. Restitution to victims shall be paid prior to any other payments of 27 monetary obligations. Any legal financial obligation that is imposed 28 by the court may be collected by the department, which shall deliver 29 30 the amount paid to the county clerk for credit. The offender's compliance with payment of legal financial obligations shall be 31 supervised by the department for ten years following the entry of the 32 judgment and sentence or ten years following the offender's release 33 34 from total confinement. All monetary payments ordered shall be paid no 35 later than ten years after the last date of release from confinement pursuant to a felony conviction or the date the sentence was entered 36 37 unless the superior court extends the criminal judgment an additional ten years. If the legal financial obligations including crime victims' 38 39 assessments are not paid during the initial ten-year period, the

- superior court may extend jurisdiction under the criminal judgment an 1 additional ten years as provided in RCW 9.94A.140, 9.94A.142, and 2 9.94A.145. If jurisdiction under the criminal judgment is extended, 3 4 the department is not responsible for supervision of the offender during the subsequent period. Independent of the department, the party 5 or entity to whom the legal financial obligation is owed shall have the 6 7 authority to utilize any other remedies available to the party or 8 entity to collect the legal financial obligation. Nothing in this 9 section makes the department, the state, or any of its employees, 10 agents, or other persons acting on their behalf liable under any circumstances for the payment of these legal financial obligations. If 11 an order includes restitution as one of the monetary assessments, the 12 13 county clerk shall make disbursements to victims named in the order.
- (13) Except as provided under RCW 9.94A.140(1) and 9.94A.142(1), a court may not impose a sentence providing for a term of confinement or community supervision or community placement which exceeds the statutory maximum for the crime as provided in chapter 9A.20 RCW.
- (14) All offenders sentenced to terms involving community supervision, community service, community placement, or legal financial obligation shall be under the supervision of the department of corrections and shall follow explicitly the instructions and conditions of the department of corrections. The department may require an offender to perform affirmative acts it deems appropriate to monitor compliance with the conditions of the sentence imposed.
- 25 (a) The instructions shall include, at a minimum, reporting as 26 directed to a community corrections officer, remaining within 27 prescribed geographical boundaries, notifying the community corrections 28 officer of any change in the offender's address or employment, and 29 paying the supervision fee assessment.
- 30 (b) For offenders sentenced to terms involving community custody 31 for crimes committed on or after June 6, 1996, the department may include, in addition to the instructions in (a) of this subsection, any 32 appropriate conditions of supervision, including but not limited to, 33 34 prohibiting the offender from having contact with any other specified 35 individuals or specific class of individuals. The conditions authorized under this subsection (14)(b) may be imposed by the 36 37 department prior to or during an offender's community custody term. If a violation of conditions imposed by the court or the department 38 39 pursuant to subsection (10) of this section occurs during community

- custody, it shall be deemed a violation of community placement for the 1 purposes of RCW 9.94A.207 and shall authorize the department to 2 transfer an offender to a more restrictive confinement status as 3 4 provided in RCW 9.94A.205. At any time prior to the completion of a 5 sex offender's term of community custody, the department may recommend to the court that any or all of the conditions imposed by the court or 6 7 the department pursuant to subsection (10) of this section be continued 8 beyond the expiration of the offender's term of community custody as 9 authorized in subsection (10)(c) of this section.
  - The department may require offenders to pay for special services rendered on or after July 25, 1993, including electronic monitoring, day reporting, and telephone reporting, dependent upon the offender's ability to pay. The department may pay for these services for offenders who are not able to pay.

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- All offenders 15 (15)sentenced to terms involving community supervision, community service, or community placement under the 16 17 supervision of the department of corrections shall not own, use, or possess firearms or ammunition. Offenders who own, use, or are found 18 19 to be in actual or constructive possession of firearms or ammunition 20 shall be subject to the appropriate violation process and sanctions. "Constructive possession" as used in this subsection means the power 21 and intent to control the firearm or ammunition. "Firearm" as used in 22 this subsection means a weapon or device from which a projectile may be 23 24 fired by an explosive such as gunpowder.
- 25 (16) The sentencing court shall give the offender credit for all 26 confinement time served before the sentencing if that confinement was 27 solely in regard to the offense for which the offender is being sentenced. 28
- 29 (17) A departure from the standards in RCW 9.94A.400 (1) and (2) 30 governing whether sentences are to be served consecutively or concurrently is an exceptional sentence subject to the limitations in subsections (2) and (3) of this section, and may be appealed by the 32 defendant or the state as set forth in RCW 9.94A.210 (2) through (6). 33
- 34 (18) The court shall order restitution whenever the offender is convicted of a felony that results in injury to any person or damage to 35 or loss of property, whether the offender is sentenced to confinement 36 37 placed under community supervision, unless extraordinary circumstances exist that make restitution inappropriate in the court's 38

- 1 judgment. The court shall set forth the extraordinary circumstances in 2 the record if it does not order restitution.
- 3 (19) As a part of any sentence, the court may impose and enforce an 4 order that relates directly to the circumstances of the crime for which 5 the offender has been convicted, prohibiting the offender from having 6 any contact with other specified individuals or a specific class of 7 individuals for a period not to exceed the maximum allowable sentence 8 for the crime, regardless of the expiration of the offender's term of 9 community supervision or community placement.
- 10 (20) The court may order an offender whose sentence includes community placement or community supervision to undergo a mental status 11 evaluation and to participate in available outpatient mental health 12 13 treatment, if the court finds that reasonable grounds exist to believe that the offender is a mentally ill person as defined in RCW 71.24.025, 14 15 and that this condition is likely to have influenced the offense. An 16 order requiring mental status evaluation or treatment must be based on 17 a presentence report and, if applicable, mental status evaluations that have been filed with the court to determine the offender's competency 18 or eligibility for a defense of insanity. The court may order 19 additional evaluations at a later date if deemed appropriate. 20
- (21) In any sentence of partial confinement, the court may require the defendant to serve the partial confinement in work release, in a program of home detention, on work crew, or in a combined program of work crew and home detention.
- ((<del>(21)</del>)) <u>(22)</u> All court-ordered legal financial obligations collected by the department and remitted to the county clerk shall be credited and paid where restitution is ordered. Restitution shall be paid prior to any other payments of monetary obligations.
- 29 **Sec. 4.** RCW 9.94A.200 and 1995 c 167 s 1 and 1995 c 142 s 1 are 30 each reenacted and amended to read as follows:
- 31 (1) If an offender violates any condition or requirement of a 32 sentence, the court may modify its order of judgment and sentence and 33 impose further punishment in accordance with this section.
- (2) In cases where conditions from a second or later sentence of community supervision begin prior to the term of the second or later sentence, the court shall treat a violation of such conditions as a violation of the sentence of community supervision currently being served.

- (3) If an offender fails to comply with any of the requirements or 1 conditions of a sentence the following provisions apply: 2
- 3 (a)(i) Following the violation, if the offender and the department 4 make a stipulated agreement, the department may impose sanctions such 5 as work release, home detention with electronic monitoring, work crew, community service, inpatient treatment, daily reporting, curfew, 6 7 educational or counseling sessions, supervision enhanced through 8 electronic monitoring, jail time, or other sanctions available in the 9 community.
- 10 (ii) Within seventy-two hours of signing the stipulated agreement, the department shall submit a report to the court and the prosecuting 11 attorney outlining the violation or violations, and sanctions imposed. 12 13 Within fifteen days of receipt of the report, if the court is not satisfied with the sanctions, the court may schedule a hearing and may 14 15 modify the department's sanctions. If this occurs, the offender may 16 withdraw from the stipulated agreement.
- If the offender fails to comply with the 17 administratively imposed by the department, the court may take action 18 19 regarding the original noncompliance. Offender failure to comply with 20 the sanction administratively imposed by the department may be considered an additional violation. 21

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- (b) In the absence of a stipulated agreement, or where the court is not satisfied with the department's sanctions as provided in (a) of 23 24 this subsection, the court, upon the motion of the state, or upon its own motion, shall require the offender to show cause why the offender 26 should not be punished for the noncompliance. The court may issue a summons or a warrant of arrest for the offender's appearance; 27
  - The state has the burden of showing noncompliance by a preponderance of the evidence. If the court finds that the violation has occurred, it may order the offender to be confined for a period not to exceed sixty days for each violation, and may (i) convert a term of partial confinement to total confinement, (ii) convert community service obligation to total or partial confinement, (iii) convert monetary obligations, except restitution and the crime victim penalty assessment, to community service hours at the rate of the state minimum wage as established in RCW 49.46.020 for each hour of community service, or (iv) order one or more of the penalties authorized in (a)(i) of this subsection. Any time served in confinement awaiting a

1 hearing on noncompliance shall be credited against any confinement
2 order by the court; ((and))

- (d) If the court finds that the violation was not willful, the court may modify its previous order regarding payment of legal financial obligations and regarding community service obligations; and

  (e) If the violation involves a failure to undergo or comply with mental status evaluation and/or outpatient mental health treatment, the community corrections officer shall consult with the treatment provider or proposed treatment provider. Enforcement of orders concerning outpatient mental health treatment must reflect the availability of treatment and must pursue the least restrictive means of promoting participation in treatment. If the offender's failure to receive care essential for health and safety presents a risk of serious physical harm or probable harmful consequences, the civil detention and commitment procedures of chapter 71.05 RCW shall be considered in preference to incarceration in a local or state correctional facility.
- 17 (4) The community corrections officer may obtain information from
  18 the offender's mental health treatment provider on the offender's
  19 status with respect to evaluation, application for services,
  20 registration for services, and compliance with the supervision plan,
  21 without the offender's consent, as described under RCW 71.05.630.
  - (5) An offender under community placement or community supervision who is civilly detained under chapter 71.05 RCW, and subsequently discharged or conditionally released to the community, shall be under the supervision of the department of corrections for the duration of his or her period of community placement or community supervision. During any period of inpatient mental health treatment that falls within the period of community placement or community supervision, the inpatient treatment provider and the supervising community corrections officer shall notify each other about the offender's discharge, release, and legal status, and shall share other relevant information.

    (6) Nothing in this section prohibits the filing of escape charges
- NEW SECTION. Sec. 5. In collaboration with the department of social and health services, the department of corrections shall track outcomes and submit to the legislature a report of services and outcomes by December 31, 1999. The report shall describe the extent to which the provisions of this act are applied by the courts, the

if appropriate.

- 1 effectiveness of court orders in inducing offenders to undergo and
- 2 comply with needed mental health treatment, and the usage of civil
- 3 commitment or incarceration to enforce orders concerning mental health
- 4 treatment. It shall further include recommendations for any needed
- 5 modifications in these provisions to increase effectiveness.
- 6 <u>NEW SECTION.</u> **Sec. 6.** If specific funding for the purposes of this
- 7 act, referencing this act by bill or chapter number, is not provided by
- 8 June 30, 1998, in the omnibus appropriations act, this act is null and
- 9 void.

Passed the Senate March 7, 1998.

Passed the House March 5, 1998.

Approved by the Governor April 1, 1998.

Filed in Office of Secretary of State April 1, 1998.